

International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the former Yugoslavia since 1991 Case No.: IT-95-5/18-T

Date: 9 October 2012

Original: English

# **IN THE TRIAL CHAMBER**

Before: Judge O-Gon Kwon, Presiding Judge

Judge Howard Morrison Judge Melville Baird

Judge Flavia Lattanzi, Reserve Judge

Registrar: Mr. John Hocking

Order of: 9 October 2012

#### **PROSECUTOR**

 $\mathbf{v}_{ullet}$ 

# RADOVAN KARADŽIĆ

#### **PUBLIC**

# ADDENDUM TO ORDER IN RELATION TO ACCUSED'S NOTICE OF REQUEST OF PROTECTIVE MEASURES FOR WITNESSES ISSUED ON 8 OCTOBER 2012

## Office of the Prosecutor

Mr. Alan Tieger

Ms. Hildegard Uertz-Retzlaff

### The Accused Standby Counsel

Mr. Radovan Karadžić Mr. Richard Harvey

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THIS TRIAL CHAMBER of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons

Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory

of the former Yugoslavia since 1991 ("Tribunal");

NOTING the "Order in Relation to Accused's Notice of Request of Protective Measures for

Witnesses" issued on 2 October 2012 ("Order"), in which the Chamber instructed the Accused to

file "timely and substantiated motions" requesting protective measures for the witnesses on his

Rule 65 ter witness list who he is aware wishes to request protective measures, sufficiently in

advance to allow the Prosecution to respond and the Chamber to issue a decision on the said

requests prior to the witness's testimony;<sup>1</sup>

**NOTING** that, on the same day and following the issuance of the Order, the Accused's legal

adviser asked the Chamber, via email, for clarification as to the form in which the "substantiated

motions" referred to in the Order should be submitted, stating that in his view the Order does not

mandate the filing of "motions" for protective measures in cases where the Accused does not

support such requests, and noting that the Accused will continue to file "notices" rather than

"motions when he does not "desire the protective measures" for his witnesses;

NOTING that the clarification sought by the Accused's legal adviser triggered concerns from the

Chamber which it deemed appropriate to address as soon as possible on the record to prevent any

potential delays in requests for protective measures and avoid the problems created thereby;

**NOTING** first that having had the experience of the Prosecution's case during the course of which

numerous requests for protective measures were filed by the Prosecution on behalf of its witnesses,

the Accused and his legal team should, by now, know the correct procedure for requesting

protective measures;

**NOTING** that it is within the duty of the calling party to adequately inform its prospective

witnesses of the correct procedure for requesting protective measures and of the fact that failure by

the calling party or the witness to provide sufficient information supporting the request will result

in a denial of that request;

**NOTING** Rule 75(A) of the Tribunal's Rules of Procedure and Evidence pursuant to which "[a]

Judge or a Chamber may, proprio motu or at the request of either party, or the victim or witness

<sup>1</sup> Order, p. 3.

Order, p. 3

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concerned, or of the Victims and Witnesses Section, order appropriate measures for the privacy and

protection of victims and witnesses";

**RECALLING** the Chamber's view in the Order that timely and substantiated written requests for

protective measures are essential to ensure the expeditious conduct of trial and the ability of the

Chamber to issue an informed decision on the request ahead of the witness's testimony;<sup>2</sup>

CONSIDERING however that witnesses may not file written requests for protective measures

themselves prior to appearing before the Chamber for their testimony as they are not a party to

these proceedings;

**CONSIDERING** further that it is important for the Tribunal's Registry that the protected status of

witnesses is known before their testimony and that waiting for the beginning of testimony to decide

on a request for protective measures creates a high emotional burden on the witnesses;

**HEREBY REITERATES** its Order that substantiated and timely written submissions should be

filed by the Accused to allow the Chamber to rule on the said requests for protective measures

ahead of the witness's testimony but does not take issue with the manner in which the Accused

titles his requests for protective measures.

Done in English and French, the English text being authoritative.

Judge O-Gon Kwon

Presiding

Dated this ninth day of October 2012

At The Hague

The Netherlands

[Seal of the Tribunal]

<sup>2</sup> Order, p. 3.

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