

**UNITED
NATIONS**



International Tribunal for the Prosecution of
Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of
International Humanitarian Law Committed in
the Territory of Former Yugoslavia since 1991

Case No. IT-04-84-R77.4

Date: 15 September 2008

Original: English

IN TRIAL CHAMBER I

Before: Judge Alphons Orie, Presiding
Judge Christine Van den Wyngaert
Judge Bakone Justice Moloto

Registrar: Mr. Hans Holthuis

Decision of: 15 September 2008

PROSECUTOR

v.

**ASTRIT HARAQIJA
and
BAJRUSH MORINA**

PUBLIC

**DECISION ON DEFENCE APPLICATION FOR PROVISIONAL
RELEASE OF THE ACCUSED ASTRIT HARAQIJA**

The Office of the Prosecutor:

Mr. Dan Saxon

Counsel for the Accused:

Mr. Karim A. A. Khan for Astrit Haraqija
Mr. Jens Dieckman for Bajrush Morina

1. Trial Chamber I (“Trial Chamber”) of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Former Yugoslavia since 1991 (“Tribunal”) is seized of an oral application for provisional release submitted by the Defence for Astrit Haraqija on 8 September 2008 (“Application”)¹ and hereby renders its Decision.

I. SUBMISSIONS

2. In support of its Application, the Defence endorses the arguments submitted in its previous motion for provisional release,² *i.e.*:

- a) A provisional release should be granted unless the Trial Chamber considers that Astrit Haraqija (“the Accused”), if released, will fail to surrender or will pose a danger to any victim, witness or other person and the burden of proof should be on the Prosecution to demonstrate why the Accused should not be permitted to enjoy his fundamental right to liberty pending trial.³
- b) There are several factors showing that the Accused will appear for trial, namely that:
 - a. After he was informed of the present allegations on 27 October 2007, the Accused made no attempt to “go to ground” or evade justice in any way, choosing instead to fully cooperate giving two interviews to the OTP.⁴
 - b. The Accused voluntarily surrendered his passport and presented himself at the ICTY field office for transfer to The Hague.⁵
 - c. The Accused’s wife, two young children, parents and large extended family are in Kosovo. As a consequence “it would be unlikely he would leave them all for a life of isolation and subterfuge which would be the corollary of failing to surrender when so ordered by the Trial Chamber”.⁶
- c) The following factors show that the Accused will not pose a danger to any victim, witnesses or other person:

¹ Hearing, 8 September 2008, T. 378-380.

² Public Application for Provisional Release of Astrit Haraqija & Confidential Annex A, 5 May 2008 (“5 May Motion”); Hearing, 8 September 2008, T. 378.

³ 5 May Motion, paras 5-9.

⁴ 5 May Motion, paras 11-14.

⁵ 5 May Motion, paras 15-16.

⁶ 5 May Motion, para. 18.

- a. The protected witness with whom the Accused allegedly interfered has testified, the Haradinaj case has concluded and there are no other ICTY trials underway in Kosovo.⁷
- b. Although the OTP formally disclosed the name of the protected witness to the Accused in October 2007, there is no suggestion by the Prosecution that any approach has been made by the Accused towards the protected witness, either directly or indirectly, since the two days in July 2007 specified in the Indictment, nor is there any suggestion that the Accused otherwise interfered with the administration of justice.⁸
- d) The Accused is a sole provider for the immediate family and unnecessary emotional hardship and family disruption would be caused by his incarceration pending trial;⁹
- e) The Accused states his “unequivocal willingness to abide by any and all conditions imposed by the Trial Chamber”.¹⁰

3. Moreover, the Defence notes that the Accused fulfilled all the conditions of the previous provisional release. It also argues that the mere nature of the sentence proposed by the Prosecution is not an argument that would militate against the provisional release.¹¹

4. On 8 September 2008, the Prosecution orally submitted its objection to the Motion, arguing that the fact that it has asked the Trial Chamber to sentence the Accused to two years of imprisonment militates against granting the provisional release.¹²

⁷ 5 May Motion, para. 20.

⁸ 5 May Motion, paras 21-22.

⁹ 5 May Motion, para. 23.

¹⁰ 5 May Motion, para. 25.

¹¹ Hearing, 8 September 2008, T. 379-380.

¹² Hearing, 8 September 2008, T. 379.

II. APPLICABLE LAW

5. Rule 65 of the Rules governs provisional release. It provides, in relevant part:

(A) Once detained, an accused may not be released except upon an order of a Chamber.

(B) Release may be ordered by a Trial Chamber only after giving the host country and the State to which the accused seeks to be released the opportunity to be heard and only if it is satisfied that the accused will appear for trial and, if released, will not pose a danger to any victim, witness or other person.

(C) The Trial Chamber may impose such conditions upon the release of the accused as it may determine appropriate, including the execution of a bail bond and the observance of such conditions as are necessary to ensure the presence of the accused for trial and the protection of others.

6. The Defence bears the burden of proof, on a balance of probabilities, that the accused will appear for trial and, if released, will not pose a danger to any victim, witness or other person.¹³

7. In deciding whether the requirements of Rule 65(B) of the Rules have been met, a Trial Chamber must consider all of those relevant factors which a reasonable Trial Chamber would have been expected to take into account before coming to a decision. It must then provide a reasoned opinion indicating its view on those relevant factors.¹⁴ What these relevant factors are, as well as the weight to be accorded to them, depends upon the particular circumstances of each case.¹⁵

III. DISCUSSION

8. The Trial Chamber takes into consideration the seriousness of the allegations against the Accused. However, the Trial Chamber also considers that the Accused has not attempted to evade justice in any way and that the parties are in agreement that the Accused voluntarily surrendered to the Tribunal as soon as he was made aware of the indictment against him¹⁶ The Trial Chamber further notes that the Accused acted in accordance with all the conditions of his pre-trial provisional release.¹⁷ Therefore, the Trial Chamber is of the view that in the present circumstances, the Accused's awareness of the sentencing recommendation by the Prosecution as such does not create a flight risk.

¹³ See *Prosecutor v. Lazarević*, "Decision on Defence Request for Provisional Release", Case No. IT-03-70-PT, 14 April 2005 (footnote omitted), p. 2.

¹⁴ *Prosecutor v. Haradinaj, Balaj and Brahimaj*, Case No. IT-04-84-AR65.2, Decision on Lahi Brahimaj's Interlocutory Appeal Against the Trial Chamber's Decision Denying his Provisional Release, 9 March 2006, , para. 8.

¹⁵ *Prosecutor v. Stanišić*, Case No. IT-04-79-AR65.1, Decision on Prosecution's Interlocutory Appeal of Mićo Stanišić's Provisional Release, 17 October 2005 ("Stanišić Decision"), para. 8.

¹⁶ The indictment against Astrit Haraqija was made public on 25 April 2008 and he was transferred to the Tribunal on 28 April 2008. See Response to Applications for Provisional Release, 9 May 2008, para. 32.

¹⁷ See Decision on Application for Provisional Release of Astrit Haraqija, 13 May 2008.

9. The Trial Chamber also recalls that the Accused is the breadwinner of his family. Although the Trial Chamber took this factor into account, it does not carry significant weight.

10. The Host Country has not raised any objections regarding the provisional release of the Accused.¹⁸

11. The Trial Chamber notes that the UNMIK extended its guarantees given on 7 May 2008 to be applicable to the present provisional release. The Trial Chamber took them into consideration, and gave them appropriate weight.¹⁹

12. For these reasons, the Trial Chamber is satisfied that the Accused, if released, will return from provisional release and will not pose a danger to any victim, witness or other person.

¹⁸ Oral Communication of 12 September 2008.

¹⁹ E-mail Communication of 12 September 2008. *See* Submission by the United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK) to the Trial Chamber in Response to the Request to UNMIK regarding Defence Motion for Provisional Release of Bajrush Morina and Application for Provisional Release of Astrit Haraqija, Dated 7 May 2008.

IV. DISPOSITION

13. For the reasons set out above and pursuant to Rules 54 and 65 of the Rules, the Trial Chamber hereby:

GRANTS the Application, and

1. **ORDERS** as follows:

- a. As soon as practicable, the Accused Astrit Haraqija shall be transported to Schiphol airport in the Netherlands by the Dutch authorities;
- b. At Schiphol airport, the Accused shall be provisionally released into the custody of the security officer designated by the Registrar of the Tribunal who shall accompany the Accused for the remainder of his travel to Kosovo/Kosova;
- c. At Priština/Prishtinë airport, the Accused shall be met by a designated official of the UNMIK, who shall accompany the Accused to his place of residence;
- d. The Accused shall provide the address at which he will be staying in Kosovo/Kosova to the authorities of UNMIK and the Registrar of the Tribunal before leaving the United Nations Detention Unit (“UNDU”) in The Hague;
- e. The authorities of UNMIK shall instruct the Accused that during the period of his provisional release, he shall abide by the following conditions:
 - i. to remain within the confines of the municipality of his residence;
 - ii. not to have any contact whatsoever or in any way interfere with any victim or potential witness or otherwise interfere in any way with the proceedings or the administration of justice;
 - iii. not to discuss his case with anyone, including the media, other than with his counsel;
 - iv. to continue to cooperate with the Tribunal;
 - v. to comply strictly with any requirements of the authorities of the UNMIK necessary to enable them to comply with their obligations under this Decision and their guarantees;

vi. to comply strictly with any further Order of the Trial Chamber varying the terms of or terminating his provisional release.

f. The authorities of the UNMIK shall ensure that:

i. the Accused surrenders his passport to the UNMIK authorities upon arrival to Kosovo/Kosova;

ii. the Accused reports weekly to the UNMIK police in the place of his residence;

iii. a report on provisional release of the Accused is sent to the Trial Chamber on a weekly basis.

g. The Accused shall return to the United Nations Detention Unit (“UNDU”) in The Hague at the time to be determined by the Trial Chamber. He shall be accompanied from the place of his residence in Kosovo/Kosova by the same designated official of the UNMIK, who shall deliver the Accused at Priština/Prishtinë airport to the custody of the security officer designated by the Registrar of the Tribunal. Upon arrival at Schiphol airport, the Accused shall be delivered to the custody of the Dutch authorities, and the Dutch authorities shall then transport the Accused back to the UNDU in The Hague.

2. **REQUIRES** the UNMIK to assume responsibility as follows:

a. by designating an official of the UNMIK who shall accompany the Accused from Priština/Prishtinë airport to his place of residence, and notifying, as soon as practicable, the Trial Chamber and the Registrar of the Tribunal of the name of the designated official;

b. for all expenses concerning transport of the Accused from Priština/Prishtinë airport to his residence;

c. at the request of the Trial Chamber or the parties to facilitate all means of cooperation and communication between the parties and to ensure the confidentiality of any such communication;

d. to report immediately to the Trial Chamber any breach of the conditions set out above.

3. **INSTRUCTS** the Registrar of the Tribunal to consult with the Ministry of Justice in the Netherlands as to the practical arrangements for the release of the Accused, designate the

official who shall accompany the Accused from Schiphol airport to Priština/Prishtinë airport and back and to continue to detain the Accused at the UNDU in The Hague until such time as the Accused has provided the address at which he will be staying in Kosovo/Kosova and until the Trial Chamber and the Registrar have been notified of the name of the designated official of the UNMIK who is to accompany the Accused from Priština/Prishtinë airport to the Accused's place of residence.

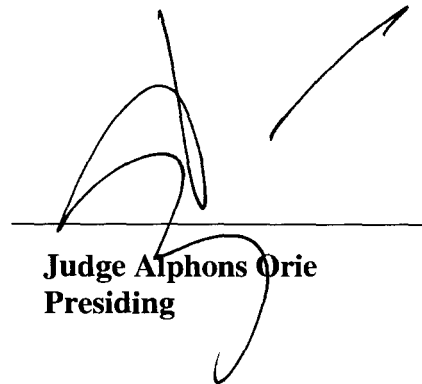
4. **REQUESTS** the authorities of all States through whose territory the Accused will travel,
 - a. to hold the Accused in custody for any time that he will spend in transit at the airport; and
 - b. to arrest and detain the Accused pending his return to the UNDU in The Hague, should he attempt to escape.
5. **ORDERS** that the Accused shall be immediately detained should he breach any of the foregoing terms and conditions of his provisional release.

Done in English and French, the English version being authoritative.

Dated this fifteenth day of September 2008

At The Hague

The Netherlands



Judge Alphons Orie
Presiding

[Seal of the Tribunal]