UNITED NATIONS



International Tribunal for the
Prosecution of PersonsCase No.:IT-02-60/1-AResponsible for Serious Violations of
International Humanitarian LawDate:30 September 2004Committed in the Territory of
Former Yugoslavia since 1991Original:English

IN THE APPEALS CHAMBER

Before:	Judge Theodor Meron, Presiding
	Judge Fausto Pocar
	Judge Mohamed Shahabuddeen
	Judge Mehmet Güney
	Judge Inés Mónica Weinberg de Roca

Registrar: Mr. Hans Holthuis

Decision: 30 September 2004

Momir NIKOLIĆ

v.

PROSECUTOR

DECISION ON MOTION FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE

Counsel for the Appellant:

Mr. Veselin Londrović Ms. Virginia C. Lindsay

Counsel for the Prosecutor:

Mr. Norman Farrell

Case No. : IT-02-60/1-A

THE APPEALS CHAMBER of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991 ("International Tribunal");

BEING SEISED of the "Motion for Judicial Notice" filed by Momir Nikolić ("Appellant") on 20 August 2004 ("Motion"), whereby, pursuant to Rule 94 and Rule 107 of the Rules of Procedure and Evidence of the International Tribunal ("Rules"), the Appellant:

- (1) requests the Appeals Chamber to take judicial notice of two reports by Richard Butler filed by the Prosecution before the *Blagojević and Jokić* Trial Chamber and the *Krstić* Trial Chamber, namely the "VRS Brigade Command Responsibility Report" dated 31 October 2002¹ and the "VRS Corps Command Responsibility Report" dated 5 April 2000² ("Expert Reports");³
- (2) "submits three newspapers articles"⁴ relating to mass graves exhumed near the village of Bljeceva and a report by the Institute for War and Peace Reporting summarising media reports in Bosnia and Herzegovina and Republika Srpska in June 2004 ("Newspapers reports");
- (3) requests the Appeals Chamber "to take judicial notice that only ten months after [the Appellant] testified in the *Blagojević and Jokić* trial proceedings, the Republika Srpska has now admitted that the Republika Srpska army committed terrible atrocities against Bosniac civilians and captured soldiers and that the bodies of the victims were buried in 32 mass graves" ("*Republika Srpska* Statement");⁵

NOTING the "Corrected Appendices to Appellant's Motion for Judicial Notice" filed on 24 August 2004;

NOTING the "Prosecution Response to Motion for Judicial Notice" filed on 30 August 2004 ("Response"), in which the Prosecution submits that the Motion should be dismissed on the grounds, *inter alia*, that:

 the Motion is confusing and unclear as to which documents are sought to be admitted and the basis upon which judicial notice is sought;

¹ Prosecutor v. Blagojević and Jokić, IT-02-60-T, Exhibit P357.

² Prosecutor v. Krstić, IT-98-33-T, Exhibit P-401.

³ Motion, para. 3.

⁴ Motion, para. 4.

⁵ Motion, para. 7.

- (2) though the Appellant seems to request the Appeals Chamber to take judicial notice only of the Expert Reports and of one fact, the *Republika Srpska* Statement,⁶ the Appellant also puts forward three newspaper reports on which he appears to be relying as additional evidence for corroboration of his co-operation;
- (3) the Expert Reports and the *Republika Srpska* Statement do not satisfy the requirements of Rule 94(A) or 94(B) of the Rules;

NOTING the "Reply to the Prosecution Response to Appellant's Motion for Judicial Notice" filed on 3 September 2004 ("Reply"), in which the Appellant replies that he seeks judicial notice under Rule 94(A) of the Rules of the following facts as matters of common knowledge:

- the "uncontested facts" contained in the VRS Brigade Command Responsibility Report;⁷
- "the fact that in June 2004, only ten months after Appellant testified in the *Blagojević and Jokić* trial proceedings, it was widely reported that the official Republika Srpska "Commission for Srebrenica for the first time has publicly revealed that the Republika Srpska's army committed terrible atrocities against Bosniac civilians and captured soldiers and that the bodies of the victims were buried in 32 mass graves";⁸
- the fact that a mass grave identified by Appellant near the village of Bljeceva is now being exhumed;⁹

and that, in addition, he seeks judicial notice pursuant to Rule 94(B) of the Rules for adjudicated facts contained in Section Three of the VRS Corps Command Responsibility Report;¹⁰

CONSIDERING that the Motion is unclear as to which facts or documents are sought to be judicially noticed;

CONSIDERING that, although Rule 94(A) and Rule 94(B) of the Rules provide two different standards of admissibility, the Appellant did not specify in the Motion whether the facts or documents, for which he wants to have judicial notice taken, are "facts of common knowledge" within the meaning of Rule 94(A) or "adjudicated facts or documentary evidence from other proceedings of the Tribunal" within the meaning of Rule 94(B);

CONSIDERING that, pursuant to paragraph 10(a) and (b) of the Practice Direction on Procedure for the Filing of Written Submissions in Appeal Proceedings before the International Tribunal of 7

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⁶ Response, para. 4.

⁷ Reply, para. 2.1.

⁸ Reply, para. 2.2.

⁹ Reply, para. 2.3.

¹⁰ Reply, para. 3.

March 2002, a party wishing to move the Appeals Chamber for a specific ruling or relief shall file a Motion containing the precise ruling or relief sought and the specific provision of the Rules under which the ruling or relief is sought;

CONSIDERING that the Motion does not fulfil these requirements and that the clarifications submitted by the Appellant in his Reply were provided too late to cure the defects related to the vagueness of the Motion;

CONSIDERING that the opposing party has been, as a result, deprived of its right to respond with full knowledge, which harms the fairness of the proceedings;

FOR THE FOREGOING REASONS,

DISMISSES the Motion without prejudice to the Appellant's refiling a motion consistent with this decision.

Done in English and French, the English text being authoritative.

Done this 30 day of September 2004, At The Hague, The Netherlands

Judge Meron Presiding Judge

Seal of the Tribunal