UNITED NATIONS

\_\_\_\_\_

**Prosecution of Persons** 

Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the

Former Yugoslavia since 1991

**International Tribunal for the** 

**Case: IT-00-41-PT** 

Date: 13 December 2002

**Original: English** 

## IN THE TRIAL CHAMBER

Before:

Judge Liu Daqun, Presiding

Judge Amin El Mahdi Judge Alphons Orie

Registrar:

**Mr Hans Holthuis** 

**Decision of:** 

**13 December 2002** 

PROSECUTOR v.

Paško LJUBIČIĆ

DECISION ON THE DEFENCE'S REQUEST FOR CERTIFICATION TO APPEAL THE 20<sup>TH</sup> NOVEMBER 2002 "DECISION ON DEFENCE COUNSEL'S REQUEST FOR TRANSLATION OF ALL DOCUMENTS"

Office of the Prosecutor: Mr. Mark Harmon

<u>Counsel for the Defence:</u> Mr. Tomislav Jonjić

Case: IT-00-41-PT

2111

TRIAL CHAMBER I ("the Chamber") of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons

Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory

of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991 ("the Tribunal");

BEING SEIZED OF the Defence Counsel's Application for Leave to Appeal the 20th November

2002 "Decision on Defence Counsel's Request for Translation of All Documents", filed on 22 Oc-

tober 2002 ("the Application");

NOTING that the Defence claims: (1) that the impugned Decision of 20th November 2002 ("the

Decision") does not respond to the request made by the Defence in its motion of 19 September 2002

("the Motion") to have disclosure material and evidence admitted for trial translated into BCS

(Bosnian, Croatian or Serb)<sup>1</sup> and does not provide a "principled and final solution of the issue of

translation of documents" as requested by the Defence in the Motion;<sup>2</sup> (2) that the Chamber did not

consult the Registrar prior to rendering the Decision;<sup>3</sup> and finally (3) that the Decision wrongfully

gives priority to the Accused's right to an expeditious trial over the Accused's right to use his lan-

guage in the proceedings.4

NOTING that the Decision lays out the general principles that apply in relation to the right of the

Accused during the pre-trial and trial stages to receive material in a language understood by him or

her under Article 21 of the Statute and Rule 66(A) and (B) of the Rules of Procedure and Evidence

("the Rules") and in accordance with the mainstream practice of the Tribunal;

NOTING that the Decision found that the Prosecutor had complied with its obligations under the

present state of the law;

**CONSIDERING** that the question of translation of documents beyond the general principles lined

out in the Decision is a matter to be decided by each Chamber in relation to particular documents

on a case-by-case basis, for which reason this question cannot be dealt with in "a principled and fi-

nal" manner as required by the Defence;

<sup>1</sup> See paragraph 5 of the Application.

<sup>2</sup> See paragraphs 6 and 9 of the Application.

<sup>3</sup> See paragraph 8 of the Application.

<sup>4</sup> See paragraph 12 of the Application.

**NOTING** that the Defence may at all times seek the Chamber's support for translation of specific documents beyond what is required, in which cases the Chamber's decisions may be subject to appeal;

**CONSIDERING** that the Registry's position on the matter is of importance to the administrative and financial implications of the translation of documents, but that consulting the Registry is not a legal requirement under the Statute or the Rules;

CONSIDERING that the balance between the Accused's right to an expeditious trial on the one hand and his right to use his own language on the other must take into account all relevant circumstances, including the requirement that at least one of the Defence Counsels is presumed to be fluent in one of the official languages of the Tribunal;

**CONSIDERING** that, pursuant to Rule 73 (B) of the Rules, the Trial Chamber may certify an interlocutory appeal from a decision that involves an issue that would significantly affect the fair and expeditious conduct of the proceedings or the outcome of the trial, and for which, in the opinion of the Trial Chamber, an immediate resolution by the Appeals Chamber may materially advance the proceedings;

**FINDING** that the Decision does not meet the criteria set out above and that the Application for Certification fails to show that the Accused will suffer any prejudice in case certification for appeal is not granted;

## FOR THE FOREGOING REASONS,

**PURSUANT** to Rule 73 of the Rules of Procedure and Evidence,

**REJECTS** the Application.

Done this thirteenth day of December, 2002

At The Hague,

The Netherlands.

Liu Daqun

Presiding Judge, Trial Chamber

[Seal of the Tribunal]