Cour Pénale Internationale



International Criminal Court

Original: English

No.: ICC-01/05-01/13

Date: 19 July 2016

TRIAL CHAMBER VII

Before: Judge Bertram Schmitt, Presiding Judge

Judge Marc Perrin de Brichambaut

Judge Raul C. Pangalangan

SITUATION IN THE CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC

IN THE CASE OF

THE PROSECUTOR v. JEAN-PIERRE BEMBA GOMBO, AIMÉ KILOLO MUSAMBA, JEAN-JACQUES MANGENDA KABONGO, FIDÈLE BABALA WANDU and NARCISSE ARIDO

Public

Decision on Request for Leave to Appeal the Decision on Requests by the Arido Defence Provided in its Final Submissions

To be notified, in accordance with Regulation 31 of the Regulations of the Court, to:

The Office of the Prosecutor Counsel for Jean-Pierre Bemba Gombo

Ms Fatou Bensouda Ms Melinda Taylor

Mr James Stewart

Mr Kweku Vanderpuye Counsel for Aimé Kilolo Musamba

Mr Paul Djunga Mudimbi

Counsel for Jean-Jacques Mangenda

Kabongo

Mr Christopher Gosnell

Counsel for Fidèle Babala Wandu Mr Jean-Pierre Kilenda Kakengi Basila

Counsel for Narcisse Arido

Mr Charles Achaleke Taku

Unrepresented Victims Unrepresented Applicants for

Participation/Reparation

The Office of Public Counsel for

Legal Representatives of Victims

Victims

The Office of Public Counsel for the

Legal Representatives of Applicants

Defence

States Representatives Amicus Curiae

REGISTRY

Registrar Counsel Support Section

Mr Herman von Hebel

Victims and Witnesses Unit Detention Section

Victims Participation and Reparations Others

Section

Trial Chamber VII ('Chamber') of the International Criminal Court, in the case of *The Prosecutor v. Jean-Pierre Bemba Gombo, Aimé Kilolo Musamba, Jean-Jacques Mangenda Kabongo, Fidèle Babala Wandu and Narcisse Arido*, having regard to Article 82(1)(d) of the Rome Statute ('Statute') and Rule 155 of the Rules of Procedure and Evidence, issues the following 'Decision on Request for Leave to Appeal the Decision on Requests by the Arido Defence Provided in its Final Submissions'.

I. Procedural background

- 1. On 29 June 2016, the Chamber rendered its 'Decision on Requests by the Arido Defence provided in its Final Submissions' ('Impugned Decision'), rejecting a variety of requests made in the closing submissions by the defence for Mr Arido ('Arido Defence').¹
- 2. On 4 July 2016, the Arido Defence sought leave to appeal the Impugned Decision ('Request').²
- 3. On 7 July 2016, the Prosecution filed its response to the Request ('Response'), submitting that it be rejected.³
- 4. The Arido Defence seeks leave to appeal the Impugned Decision to the extent that the Chamber rejected the Arido Defence Request 'that the Chamber find that Mr Arido had "a reasonable apprehension for his safety" with regards to the incident described' in the Impugned Decision. The Arido Defence states that the issue arising from the Impugned Decision is the Chamber's 'lack of reasoning and unarticulated conclusion' leading to this rejection, which 'goes towards proof of the elements of charges'. It is argued that the Chamber's failure to provide reasons for its conclusion could potentially have an impact on

¹ICC-01/05-01/13-1943-Conf.

² ICC-01/05-01/13-1944-Conf.

³ ICC-01/05-01/13-1947-Conf.

⁴ Request, ICC-01/05-01/13-1944-Conf, para 9.

the outcome of the trial and that the immediate resolution of the issue would materially advance the proceedings.

- 5. The Chamber recalls the applicable law relating to Article 82(1)(d) of the Statute as set out in previous decisions.⁵ As formulated by the Appeals Chamber, 'an issue is constituted by a subject the resolution of which is essential for the determination of matters arising in the judicial cause under examination.'⁶
- 6. The issue as identified by the Arido Defence cannot be considered an issue the resolution of which is essential for the determination of matters arising in the Impugned Decision. In the Impugned Decision, the Chamber stated that the Arido Defence made no attempt to provide a legal basis for the requested relief and that 'it is not in the power or mandate of the Chamber to assess Mr Arido's actions with respect to events unrelated to the charges'. Even if it was conceded that Mr Arido had 'a reasonable apprehension for his safety', the Chamber's reasons for rejecting the corresponding remedies requested by the Arido Defence⁸ would not change.
- 7. Further, given the irrelevance of the incident in relation to the charges, the issue cannot significantly affect the fair and expeditious conduct of the proceedings or the outcome of the trial.
- 8. Since the criteria of Article 82(1)(d) are cumulative, the conclusion that the request fails to identify an appealable issue arising from the Impugned Decision

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⁵ Decision on Babala Defence request for leave to appeal ICC-01/05-01/13-800, 27 March 2015, ICC-01/05-01/13-877, paras 5-7; Decision on the Request for Leave to Appeal the Decision ICC-01/05-01/13-893-Red, 28 May 2015, ICC-01/05-01/13-966, paras 12-13; Decision on Babala Defence Request for Leave to Appeal the Decision Related to the Timing of Opening Statements, 16 September 2015, ICC-01/05-01/13-1258, para. 8.

⁶ Appeals Chamber, *Situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo*, Judgment on the Prosecutor's Application for Extraordinary Review of Pre-Trial Chamber I's 31 March 2006 Decision Denying Leave to Appeal, 13 July 2006, ICC-01/04-168, OA 3, para. 9.

⁷ Impugned Decision, ICC-01/05-01/13-1943-Conf, para. 8.

⁸ Specifically, the Arido Defence requested the Chamber to order 'a further investigation as to whether the ICC fulfilled its responsibilities to protect Mr Arido' and order the Registrar to determine why there has been no official response to the communications of Mr Arido. *As summarised in Impugned Decision*, ICC-01/05-01/13-1943-Conf, para. 6.

means that there is no need for the Chamber to further assess the remaining criteria. The relief sought must be rejected.

FOR THE FOREGOING REASONS, THE CHAMBER HEREBY

REJECTS the Request.

Done in both English and French, the English version being authoritative.

Judge Bertram Schmitt, Presiding Judge

Judge Marc Perrin de Brichambaut

Judge Raul C. Pangalangan

Ranley

Dated 19 July 2016

At The Hague, The Netherlands