Cour Pénale Internationale



International Criminal Court

Original: English No.: ICC-02/05-01/09

Date: 30 January 2014

PRE-TRIAL CHAMBER II

Before: Judge Ekaterina Trendafilova, Presiding Judge

Judge Hans-Peter Kaul Judge Cuno Tarfusser

SITUATION IN DARFUR, SUDAN

THE PROSECUTOR V. OMAR HASSAN AHMAD AL BASHIR

Public URGENT

Decision on the "Prosecution's Urgent Notification of Travel in the Case of *The Prosecutor v Omar Al Bashir*"

Document to be notified, in accordance with regulation 31 of the Regulations of the Court, to:

The Office of the Prosecutor

Fatou Bensouda, Prosecutor

James Stewart, Deputy Prosecutor

Legal Representatives of Victims Legal Representatives of Applicants

Unrepresented Victims Unrepresented Applicants for

Participation/Reparation

Counsel for the Defence

The Office of Public Counsel for

Victims

The Office of Public Counsel for the

Defence

States Representatives

Competent authorities of

the Federal Republic of Ethiopia

Amicus Curiae

REGISTRY

Deputy Registrar Registrar

Herman von Hebel

Victims and Witnesses Unit Detention Section

Victims Participation and Reparations

Section

Others

Pre-Trial Chamber II (the "Chamber") of the International Criminal Court (the "Court") renders this decision on the "Prosecution's urgent notification of travel in the case of *The Prosecutor v Omar Al Bashir*" (the "Prosecutor's Notification").¹

- 1. On 31 March 2005, the Security Council (the "SC"), acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations (the "UN"), adopted Resolution 1593 (2005) referring the situation in Darfur to the Court.²
- 2. On 4 March 2009 and 12 July 2010, Pre-Trial Chamber I (the "PTC I"), formerly seized of the present case, issued two warrants of arrest against Omar Hassan Ahmad Al-Bashir ("Mr. Al-Bashir").³ These warrants of arrest remain to be executed.
- 3. On 6 March 2009 and 21 July 2010, acting on behalf of PTC I's request,⁴ the Registrar prepared and transmitted two requests for the arrest and surrender of Mr. Al-Bashir for the purposes of the execution of the two warrants of arrest.⁵
- 4. On 15 March 2012, the Presidency issued the "Decision on the constitution of Pre-Trial Chambers and on the assignment of the Democratic Republic of the

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¹ ICC-02/05-01/09-179 and its annex A.

² S/RES/1593 (2005).

³ Pre-Trial Chamber I, "Warrant of Arrest for Omar Hassan Ahmad Al Bashir", 4 March 2009, ICC-02/05-01/09-1; Pre-Trial Chamber I, "Decision on the Prosecution's Application for a Warrant of Arrest against Omar Hassan Ahmad Al Bashir", 4 March 2009, ICC-02/04-01/09-3; Pre-Trial Chamber I, "Second Warrant of Arrest for Omar Hassan Ahmad Al Bashir", 12 July 2010, ICC-02/05-01/09-95; Pre-Trial Chamber I, "Second Decision on the Prosecution's Application for a Warrant of Arrest", 12 July 2010, ICC-02/05-01/09-94.

⁴ Pre-Trial Chamber I, "Decision on the Prosecution's Application for a Warrant of Arrest against Omar Hassan Ahmad Al Bashir", 4 March 2009, ICC-02/04-01/09-3, p. 93; Pre-Trial Chamber I, "Second Decision on the Prosecution's Application for a Warrant of Arrest", 12 July 2010, ICC-02/05-01/09-94, p. 29.

⁵ ICC-02/05-01/09-8; ICC-02/05-01/09-97.

Congo, Darfur, Sudan and Côte d'Ivoire situations", in which it re-assigned, *inter alia*, the situation of Darfur, Sudan to this Chamber.⁶

5. On 10 October 2013, the Chamber issued the "Decision Regarding Omar Al-Bashir's Potential Travel to the Federal Republic of Ethiopia and the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia" (the "10 October 2013 Decision"). In that decision, the Chamber also ordered that the requests for arrest and surrender be transmitted to the competent authorities of the Federal Republic of Ethiopia.

6. On 24 October 2013, the Chamber received the "Report of the Registry on the 'Decision Regarding Omar Al-Bashir's Potential Travel to the Federal Republic of Ethiopia and the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia'" together with two annexes appended thereto. According to this report, no reply was received by the Court in response to a Note Verbale transmitted by the Registrar concerning said visit to the Republic of Ethiopia. Moreover, according to media reports this visit actually took place notwithstanding the Court's Note Verbale.

7. On 30 January 2014, the Chamber received the Prosecutor's Notification, in which the Prosecutor avers that, on the basis of media reports, Mr. Al-Bashir arrived in Addis Ababa on Tuesday, 28 January 2014 to attend the "AU 24th summit" scheduled to take place by the end of January 2014. Accordingly, the Prosecutor requests the Chamber to take steps to ensure that the arrest warrants issued by the Court against Mr. Al-Bashir are executed. The Prosecutor also

⁶ Presidency, ICC-02/05-01/09-143.

⁷ Pre-Trial Chamber II, ICC-02/05-01/09-164.

⁸ Pre-Trial Chamber II, ICC-02/05-01/09-164, p. 6.

⁹ ICC-02/05-01/09-167.

¹⁰ ICC-02/05-01/09-167, p. 4.

¹¹ ICC-02/05-01/09-167, p. 4.

¹² ICC-02/05-01/09-179-AnxA; ICC-02/05-01/09-179, para. 7.

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requests the Chamber to (i) seek information from the relevant authorities of the

Federal Republic of Ethiopia regarding said visit; and (ii) remind those

authorities of the existence of the warrants of arrest, of SC Resolution 1593

(2005),13 and of the 10 October 2013 Decision.

8. The Chamber notes articles 21(1)(a) and (b), 87(5), 89(1), 91 and 92 of the

Rome Statute (the "Statute").

9. The Chamber highlights that only States Parties to the Statute are under

an obligation to cooperate with the Court. Given that the Statute is an

international treaty governed by the rules set out under the Vienna Convention

on the Law of Treaties, it is only with the State's consent that the Statute can

impose obligations on a non-State Party.14 Thus, non-States Parties may decide to

cooperate with the Court on an ad hoc basis, as foreseen in article 87(5)(a) of the

Statute. This principle may be altered by the SC which may, by means of a

resolution adopted under Chapter VII of the UN Charter, create an obligation to

cooperate with the Court on those UN Member States which are not parties to

the Statute. In such a case, the obligation to cooperate stems directly from the UN

Charter.

10. Accordingly, the Federal Republic of Ethiopia, as a non-State Party to the

Statute, has no obligations vis-à-vis the Court arising from the Statute. In this

regard, the Chamber recalls that the situation in Darfur was referred to the Court

by way of SC Resolution 1593 (2005), which also recognizes that States not

¹³ ICC-02/05-01/09-179, pp. 5-6.

¹⁴ UNTS, Vol. 1155, art. 34; See also Pre-Trial Chamber I, "Decision on the request of the Defence of Abdullah Al-Senussi to make a finding of non-cooperation by the Islamic Republic of Mauritania and refer the matter to the Security Council", 28 August 2013, ICC-01/11-01/11-420,

para. 12.

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parties to the Statute (apart from Sudan) have no obligation under the Statute.

However, SC Resolution 1593(2005) still "urge[d] all States and concerned

regional and other international organizations to cooperate fully" with the Court

(emphasis added).¹⁵

11. In this context the Chamber wishes to point out that the Court has no

enforcement mechanism and thus relies on the States' cooperation, without

which it cannot fulfil its mandate and contribute to ending impunity.

FOR THESE REASONS, THE CHAMBER HEREBY

a) orders the Registrar to remind the Federal Republic of Ethiopia of the

requests for the arrest and surrender of Omar Hassan Ahmad Al-Bashir

transmitted to said authorities on 10 October 2013;

b) orders the Registrar to send a Note Verbale to the Federal Republic of

Ethiopia, enquiring about Omar Hassan Ahmad Al-Bashir's most recent

visit, reminding it of SC Resolution 1593(2005) and inviting said State once

more to cooperate with the Court in the arrest and surrender of Omar

Hassan Ahmad Al-Bashir to the Court;

c) orders the Registrar to notify the present decision, to the competent

authorities of the Federal Republic of Ethiopia; and

d) orders the Registrar to prepare a report to be filed with the Chamber in

due course concerning said visit.

15 S/RES/1593 (2005).

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Done in both English and French, the English version being authoritative.

Judge Ekaterina Trendafilova Presiding Judge

Judge Hans-Peter Kaul

Judge Cuno Tarfusser

Dated this Thursday, 30 January 2014 At The Hague, The Netherlands